

| Course Unit | Clinical and Laboratorial Parasitology, Mycology and Virology Biomedical Laboratory Sciences | | | Field of study | Biomedical Laboratory Sciences | | |
|------------------|---|---------------|---|----------------|---|--------------|---------|
| Bachelor in | | | | School | School of Health | | |
| Academic Year | 2023/2024 | Year of study | 2 | Level | 1-2 | ECTS credits | 5.0 |
| Туре | Semestral | Semester | 1 | Code | Je 9995-804-2105-00-23 | | |
| Workload (hours) | 135 | Contact hours | | 2,5 PL 30 T | C - S - solving, project or laboratory; TC | | 7,5 O - |

Name(s) of lecturer(s)

Angela Maria Pais Rodrigues

Learning outcomes and competences

- At the end of the course unit the learner is expected to be able to:
- Understand the importance of viruses as agents of infection in humans. To understand the pathogenesis of viral infections, prevention and treatment.

- Acquire knowledge necessary for laboratory diagnostics in virology.
 Understanding the pathogenesis of fungal infection and the resources available for prevention and treatment.
 Acquire the knowledge needed for the handling and identification of fungi in the laboratory.
 Analyze and understand the life cycles and transmission mechanisms to the man of the most prevalent parasitic diseases. 6
- 7. Acquire knowledge to know the laboratory diagnosis indicated for the world's major parasitoses

Prerequisites

Not applicable

Course contents

General properties of the virus; laboratory diagnosis and treatment of the most important virus in human pathology. General characteristics of the fungal cell; most important fungal infections in humans; techniques of laboratory diagnosis: isolation and identification. Parasite-host relationship; study of protozoa and helminths with medical-sanitary interest and respective parasites; techniques of laboratory diagnosis in parasitology.

Course contents (extended version)

1. Virology

- Virology
 General properties of viruses: structure, multiplication and taxonomy.
 Mechanisms of Viral Pathogenesis
 Forms of prevention (passive immunization and active immunization).
 Antiviral agents used in clinical practice
 The different viral families and the most important viruses in human pathology.
 The most important viruses in human pathology.
- Practical Laboratory Virology.
 Brief theoretical and practical considerations on the laboratory diagnosis of viral infections

 Application of laboratory techniques, to virological diagnosis.
 Analysis and discussion of results of real clinical cases
- 3. Micology
 - Micology

 Structural and physiological characteristics of the fungic cell, its taxonomy and multiplication.
 Pathogenesis of fungic diseases.
 The main groups of fungi and the most important fungi in human pathology.
 The role of fungi in the biological and biotecnological World.
 Fungicide used in medical practice.

 Mycology-laboratory practices.

 Brief considerations on laboratory diagnosis of fungic infections.
 Applications of fundamental mycological techniques, swing, isolation, and identification.
 - - Application of fundamental mycological techniques, sowing, isolation and identification

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 Antifungic susceptibility tests
 5. Parasitology
 Introduction to parasitology: host-parasite relationship; taxonomic classification
 Pathogenesis of parasitic diseases.
 Studies of protozoa and helminths with medical-sanitary interest and respective parasites.
 Antiparasitic agents
 6. Parasitology laboratory practices

 Macro and microscopic study of the morphology of parasitic forms
 Other laboratory diagnostic techniques in parasitology.

Recommended reading

- Murray P, Rosenthal K, Kobayashi G, Pfaller M. (2009). Microbiologia Médica. Elsevier Editora Ltda. Brasil.
 Cowan M. K. (2012). Microbiology Fundamentals: A Clinical Approach. McGraw Education.
 Wigg D. M., Romanos M. T. V., Santos N. S. O. (2012). Virologia Humana. Guanabara Koogan. Brasil.
 Pádua M. (2011). Patologia clínica para técnicos Bacteriologia. LUSOCIÊNCIA Edicões técnicas e científicas, Lda. Loures.
 Anaisse E. J. McGinnis M. R., Pfaller M. A. (2009). Clinical Mycology. Elsevier Health Sciences.

Teaching and learning methods

ectures using powerpoint presentations. Lectures notes deposited in the e-learning resources. Practical classes - Realization of practical laboratory. Discussion of clinical cases and research papers.

Assessment methods

- Alternative 1 (Regular, Student Worker) (Final, Supplementary, Special)

 Final Written Exam 50% ((Theoretical component in written exam. For approval minimum grade of 8, 5 values))
 Final Written Exam 30% ((Practical component in written exam.)
 Presentations 20% ((Accomplishment of work with oral presentation))

 Alternative 2 (Student Worker) (Final, Supplementary, Special)

 Final Written Exam 60% ((Theoretical component in written exam. For approval minimum grade of 8, 5 values))

| (| Assessment methods | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| | - Final Written Exam - 40% ((Practical component in written | exam. For approval minimum grade of 8, 5 values)) | |
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| (| Language of instruction | | |
| | Portuguese, with additional English support for foreign students | S. | |

| _ | Electronic validation | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Angela Maria Pais Rodrigues | Antonio Jose Madeira Nogueira | Luis Migue Fernandes Nascimento | Adília Maria Pires da Silva Fernandes | |
| | 07-11-2023 | 07-11-2023 | 07-11-2023 | 07-11-2023 | |