

Course Unit	Biochemistry and Biophysics		Field of study	Biology and Biochemistry	
Bachelor in	Gerontology		School	School of Health	
Academic Year	2023/2024	Year of study	1	Level	1-1
Type	Semestral	Semester	1	ECTS credits	4.0
Workload (hours)			108	Contact hours	
			T	-	TP
			30	PL	24
			TC	-	S
			E	-	OT
			7	O	-
Code 9833-346-1103-00-23					

T - Lectures; TP - Lectures and problem-solving; PL - Problem-solving, project or laboratory; TC - Fieldwork; S - Seminar; E - Placement; OT - Tutorial; O - Other

Name(s) of lecturer(s) Amílcar Manuel Lopes António, Bruno Melgar Castañeda, Manuel Ricardo Costa Calhêla

Learning outcomes and competences

At the end of the course unit the learner is expected to be able to:

1. To identify the distinct types of macromolecules and understand their biological functions
2. To have knowledge about the different levels of structure in proteins
3. To identify the importance of enzymes as biological catalysts
4. To distinguish the main lipids and carbohydrates
5. To understand and to delineate the main processes involved in the transformation of the energy of carbohydrates, lipids and nitrogen compounds into chemical energy and reducing power.
6. To calculate energetic yields and to explain the importance of metabolic regulation
7. To compare the metabolic profile of organs such as liver, muscle and adipose tissue, integrating the metabolic pathways used by each one
8. To establish the connection between physical laws and health sciences, in connection with simple technological applications

Prerequisites

Not applicable

Course contents

1. Review on structural and functional properties of biological molecules 2. Proteins 3. Enzymes 4. Carbohydrates 5. Lipids 6. Metabolic pathways involved in the degradation and synthesis of carbohydrates, lipids and nitrogen compounds. 7. Integration of metabolism: key-points, metabolic profiles of the most important organs and hormonal regulation. 8. Fluids: fundamental properties; Hydrostatics; Hydrodynamics.

Course contents (extended version)

1. I. Biochemistry overview
 - The chemical features of the living organisms; Functions of the essential chemical elements
2. II. Proteins
 - Aminoacids: Structure, nomenclature, classification, chemical properties.
 - Structure and function of proteins. The peptidic bond. Structural levels.
 - Fibrous proteins (silk, keratins, collagen). Globular proteins (hemoglobin).
3. III. Enzymes
 - Classification, function, specificities and cofactors.
 - Importance of vitamins in the synthesis of enzymatic cofactors.
 - Enzyme Kinetics: the Michaelis-Menten and Lineweaver – Burk models.
 - Ways to regulate the enzymatic activity: pH and temperature.
 - Reversible and irreversible inhibitors (competitive inhibition, uncompetitive and non-competitive).
 - Regulatory enzymes: allosteric interactions and covalent modifications.
 - Proteolytic cleavage of enzyme precursors; Isoenzymes and examples of their biological importance.
4. IV. Hydrocarbons
 - Classification. Major classes of sugars and of non-sugars.
 - Monosaccharides (chemical composition, nomenclature, stereochemistry and occurrence).
 - Cyclization of monosaccharides. Glycosidic linkage and disaccharides (maltose, lactose and sucrose).
 - Homopolysaccharides. The relationship between their structure and function.
 - Specific examples of storage (starch, glycogen) and structural (chitin, cellulose) polysaccharides.
 - Applications of some homopolysaccharides and heteropolysaccharides.
5. V. Lipids
 - Classification Fatty acids: structure and properties.
 - Simple lipids (terpenes and steroids) and complex (triacylglycerides and phosphoglycerides).
 - Lipoproteins.
6. VI. Introduction to the metabolism
 - Catabolism, anabolism and relation-sheep. Transference of energy in the biological systems.
 - ATP and NADP cycles. Phases and main objectives of metabolism.
7. VII. Metabolism of carbohydrates
 - Reactions, regulation and energetic balance of Glycolysis. Gluconeogenesis. Glycogen metabolism.
 - Cycle of Cori. Shuttle systems for cytosolic NADH. Pathway of phosphate-pentoses.
 - Oxidative decarboxylation of pyruvate to acetyl-CoA: Cycle of citric acid: Individual reactions.
 - Energetic balance; Regulation; Amphibolic character.
 - Electron transport chain and oxidative phosphorylation. Respiration.
8. VIII. Metabolism of lipids
 - Biological sources of lipids: diet, adipocytes and biosynthesis. Catabolism of fatty acids.
 - Degradation of saturated, unsaturated and ramificated fatty acids.
 - Energetic balance. Biosynthesis of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids. Sources of Acetyl-CoA.
 - Regulation. Ketone bodies: synthesis and energetic function.
9. IX. Metabolism of nitrogen compounds
 - Metabolism of amino acids: Hydrolysis of proteins; Glycogenic and ketogenic amino acids.
 - Reactions of transamination, decarboxylation, desamination and desamination.
 - Metabolism of ammonia: sources, transport in the circulation and elimination pathways.
10. X. Integration of metabolisms
 - Main metabolic pathways and regulation centres. Key-connections: glucose-6-P, pyruvate, acetyl-CoA.
 - Metabolic profiles of the most important organs. Hormonal regulation of the energetic metabolism.
11. XI. Importance of Biophysics in Health Sciences.
12. XII. Fluids
 - Fundamental properties: density, viscosity, superficial tension, capilarity.
 - Experimental measurement of different liquid densities. Pressure.
 - Applications in health sciences.
13. XIII. Fluid Dynamics
 - Velocity. Flow Rate.
 - Bernoulli's Principle

Recommended reading

1. Lehninger, A. L. , Nelson, D. L. , Cox, M. M. (2014). Principles of Biochemistry (6th ed.). New York, NY: W. H. Freeman.
2. Quintas, A. , Ponces, A. , Halpern, M. J. (2008). Bioquímica, Organização Molecular da Vida. Lidel.
3. Weill, J. H. (2000). Bioquímica Geral. Lisboa: Fundação Calouste Gulbenkian.
4. Durán, J. E. R. (2003). Biofísica: fundamentos e aplicações. São Paulo: Prentice Hall
5. Hademenos, G. J. (1998). Physics for Pre-Med, Biology and Allied Health Students. New York, N. Y. ; Schaum-McGrawHill.

Teaching and learning methods

Theoretical Classes: Lectures of theoretical contents. Theorico-Practical Classes: Resolution of exercises in the Structural and Metabolic Biochemistry and Biophysics areas.

Assessment methods

1. Alternative 1 - (Regular, Student Worker) (Final, Supplementary, Special)
 - Intermediate Written Test - 33% (- Structural Biochemistry)
 - Final Written Exam - 67% (- Metabolic Biochemistry - Biophysics)
2. Final Examination - (Regular, Student Worker) (Final, Supplementary, Special)
 - Final Written Exam - 100% (- Structural Biochemistry - Metabolic Biochemistry - Biophysics)

Language of instruction

Portuguese, with additional English support for foreign students.

Electronic validation

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22-11-2023	23-01-2024	24-01-2024	31-01-2024