

Course Unit	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology and New Therapeutic Systems			Field of study	Pharmacy		
Bachelor in	Pharmacy			School	School of Health		
Academic Year	2021/2022	Year of study	3	Level	1-3	ECTS credits	5.0
Туре	Semestral	Semester	1	Code	9549-644-3102-00-21		
Workload (hours)	135	Contact hours		45 PL - Tolem-ind problem-solving; PL - Problem-			
Name(s) of lecturer(s		arnandas Nascimento					

Learning outcomes and competences

- At the end of the course unit the learner is expected to be able to:

 1. Mastering the basics of biotechnology and its interest in production Drug;

 2. Understand the techniques and methods used in pharmaceutical production by biotechnology;

 3. Understand the benefits that may or may not arise from the use of drugs obtained through biotechnology;

 4. Identify the drugs that are currently obtained by the industry biotechnology;

 5. Lead students to reflect on the prospects, challenges and future biotechnology applications in health care.

Prerequisites

Before the course unit the learner is expected to be able to: Not applicable.

Course contents

Concept and Biotecnology aplication, biocatalysts, microbial bitecnology, industrial proces related to the area, sterilization. The biotecnology and health and biopharmaceuticals

Course contents (extended version)

- 1. INTRODUCTION
- INTRODUCTION
 Definitions, concepts and objectives
 Historical development of biotechnology
 Interconnection of Biotechnology with various disciplines
 Areas of Application of Biotechnology
 BIOCATALYSTS
 Types of biocatalysts
 Immobilized biocatalysts / free
 Preparation of Biocatalysts
 Criticis for Selection of biocatalysts

- Criteria for Selection of biocatalysts
 Advantages of Biocatalysts for Chemical Catalysts
 Biocatalysts of biological importance and its applications
 MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

- MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

 Microbial Diversity and systematic
 Isolation of Micro organisms
 Composition of the microbial cells
 Culture media

- Development of inoculums
 Types of Cultures
 Phases of Growth
 Kinetics of Microbial Growth General
- Kinetics of Microbial Growth in Discontinuous ("Batch")
 Kinetics of Microbial Growth in Continuous
 Microbial Growth in Continuous
 INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

- Bioreactors
- Fermentation
 Use of isolated enzymes as biocatalysts
- Biotransformation
 5. STERILIZATION
 - Death kinetics of vegetative cells
 Death kinetics of spores

 - Decimal reduction time
 Sterilization versus degradation of nutrients
- Stellization Versious degradation of numerits
 Relative resistance to moist heat
 Choose the time / temperature sterilization
 Factor or Del Nabla
 Stages and processes of sterilization of fermented
 6. RECOVERY AND PURIFICATION OF PRODUCTS
 Operations used

 - Factors that influence the choice of process
- Income

 7. BIOTECHNOLOGY AND HEALTH NEW THERAPEUTIC SYSTEMS
 Gene therapy and new vaccines
 Systems for controlled release of drugs
 Biomaterials
- Biomaterials
 Pharmaceutical Administration
 Delivery of biopharmaceutical products. New drug delivery technologies.

 8. BIOPHARMACEUTICALS
 Genetic engineering
 Recombinant DNA Technology
 Alternatives to recombinant DNA technology
 Advantages of biopharmaceuticals
 Handling and storage of biopharmaceuticals
 Regulation of biopharmaceuticals
 Examples of biopharmaceuticals
 Biosimilar pharmaceuticals
- Biosimilar pharmaceuticals

 9. SAFETY AND REGULATION IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

 10. ETHICS IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

This document is valid only if stamped in all pages.

Recommended reading

- Becker, J. M., Caldwell, G. A., & Zachgo, E. A. (Eds.). (1996). Biotechnology: a laboratory course. San Diego, Academic press.
 Walsh, G. (2003). Biopharmaceuticals: biochemistry and biotechnology. Chichester, Wiley.
 Lima N. (2006), Biotecnologia, Fundamentos e Aplicações. Lisboa, LIDEL.
 Ahuja, S. (1992). Chromatography of Pharmaceuticals: Natural, Synthetic, and Recombinant Products. Washington, American Chemical Society.
 Oréfice, R. L., de Magalhães Pereira, M., & Mansur, H. S. (2006). Biomateriais: fundamentos e aplicações. Rio de Janeiro, Cultura Médica.

Teaching and learning methods

Theoretical-Practical Learning: Expositive method

Assessment methods

- Alternative 1 (Regular, Student Worker) (Final)
 Final Written Exam 80% (Minimum grade of 8. 5 values as Pedagogical Regulation of ESSa)
 Development Topics 20% (Minimum grade of 8. 5 values as Pedagogical Regulation of ESSa)
 Alternative 2 (Regular, Student Worker) (Supplementary, Special)
 Final Written Exam 80% (Minimum grade of 8. 5 values as Pedagogical Regulation of ESSa)
 Development Topics 20% (Minimum grade of 8. 5 values as Pedagogical Regulation of ESSa)
 Alternative 3 (Student Worker) (Final, Supplementary, Special)
 Final Written Exam 100%

Language of instruction

- 1. Portuguese
- 2. Portuguese, with additional English support for foreign students.

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I	02-03-2022	03-03-2022	05-04-2022	06-04-2022