

Course Unit	urse Unit Molecular Genetics and Pharmacogenomics			Field of study	Biology and Biochemistry			
Bachelor in	Pharmacy			School	School of Health			
Academic Year	2022/2023	Year of study	2	Level	1-2	ECTS credits 5.0		
Туре	Semestral	Semester	1	Code	9549-644-2103-00-22			
Workload (hours)	135	Contact hours				E - OT 7,5 O -		
T - Lectures; TP - Lectures and problem-solving; PL - Problem-solving, project or laboratory; TC - Fieldwork; S - Seminar, E - Placement; OT - Tutorial; O - Other								

Name(s) of lecturer(s) Carina de Fatima Rodrigues, Paula Cristina Santos Baptista

Learning outcomes and competences

- At the end of the course unit the learner is expected to be able to:

 1. Knowing the genetic basis of heredity: DNA as the genetic material, its chemical nature and structural characteristics

 2. Identify the structure and organization of the genome of different organisms (prokaryotes, eukaryotes and virus)

 3. Knowing the molecular mechanisms of DNA replication, transcription and translation in prokaryotes and eukaryotes

 4. knowing the laws of genetic inheritance and its exceptions

 5. Describing and defining basic concepts pharmacogenomics and pharmacogenetics

 6. Knowing the genes that which are largely responsible for variances in drug response and metabolism

 7. Evaluate the types of polymorphism and its impact on the pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics

 8. Acquire basic laboratory knowledge in the field of Molecular Genetics applied to Pharmacogenomics in the analysis of important polymorphisms in the treatment of cancer. CVD. etc. cancer, CVD, etc

Prerequisites

Before the course unit the learner is expected to be able to: Not applied

Course contents

Introduction to genetic bases. Laws of genetic inheritance and its exceptions. Eukaryotic, prokaryotes and virus genomes. The DNA replication, transcription and translation in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Genetic variation and epigenetic mechanisms. Pharmacogenomics and Farmocogenetics: concepts. Genetic basis of drug response. Polymorphic variants leading to interindividual variability. Limitations and ethical issues.

Course contents (extended version)

- Introduction to genetics
 Definition and evolution
- Importance, applications and perspectives
 Genetic transmission and the laws of genetic inheritance and its exceptions

 - Mendel's experiments and laws
 Autosomal dominant and recessive inheritance
 - Multiple allelomorphism: ABO blood group
 Sex-linked traits

 - X chromosome inactivation: The Lyon hypothesis. Barr body Sex-limited and sex-influenced autosomal inheritance
- 3. DNA as the genetic material
 Identification of DNA as genetic material
 Chemical composition of DNA
 DNA and RNA structure
- Different types of genome: Eukaryotic, prokaryotes and virus genomes
 Classification of viruses according to their genome
- Classification of vinces according to their get
 Bacterial genomes and plasmids
 Mitochondrial genome
 Nuclear genome
 DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes
- 6. Transcription
 Structure of RNA: rRNA, tRNA and mRNA
- Steps of the transcription: initiation, elongation and termination 7. Translation and Genetic Code

- 7. Translation and Genetic Code
 Protein synthesis: stages, factors and enzymes
 8. Genetic variation and epigenetic inheritance
 Mechanisms in epigenetic regulation
 Epigenetic modification by environmental factors
 Pharmacogenomics and Pharmacogenetics: Personalized medicine.
 Factors that contributed to the development of these new sciences.
 Genetic Basis of Drug Response: (enzymes, carrier proteins and receptors).
 10. Genetic polymorphisms leading to interindividual variability in drug response.
 Available genotyping methods. Polymorphism analysis: Sequencing and qPCR protocols.
 Commercial tests and interpretation of results: Oncology, Infectious Diseases and Coagulation.
 11. Use of genomic information, for targeted drug development.
 Recombinant DNA technology. Application in the production of new drugs.
 Pharmacogenomics/Pharmacogenetics and their inclusion in clinical trials.

Recommended reading

- 1. Allison L. A. (2012) Fundamentals of Molecular Biology, 2nd Edition, Wiley-Blackwell
 2. Klug WS, Cummings MR, Spencer C, Palladino MA, 2015. Concepts of Genetics. 11th Edition. Pearson Education
 3. Krebs J. E. , Goldstein E. S. , Kilpatrick S. T. (2013). Lewin's GENES XI, 11 ed. , Jones & Bartlett Learning

Teaching and learning methods

Lectures using power point presentations. Lectures notes deposited in the e-learning resources. Laboratory classes

Assessment methods

- Alternative 1 (Regular, Student Worker) (Final)
 Intermediate Written Test 40% (Practical evaluation)
 Intermediate Written Test 30% (Theoretical evaluation)
 Final Written Exam 30% (Theoretical evaluation)
 Alternative 2 (Regular, Student Worker) (Supplementary, Special)
 Final Written Exam 40% (Practical evaluation)
 Final Written Exam 60% (Theoretical evaluation)

Language of instruction

Portuguese, with additional English support for foreign students.

Electronic validation

2.000.01.10 / 4.104.101.		/		
Carina de Fatima Rodrigues, Paula Cristina Santos Baptista	Olívia Rodrigues Pereira	Ana Maria Nunes Português Galvão	Adília Maria Pires da Silva Fernandes	
31-10-2022	15-11-2022	15-11-2022	17-11-2022	