

	Electrical Power Systems			Field of study	Energy Systems	
Bachelor in Electr	Electrical and Computers Engineering			School	School of Technology and Management	
Academic Year 2022/	2023	Year of study	3	Level	1-3	ECTS credits 6.0
Type Seme	estral	Semester	1	Code	9112-742-3103-00-22	
Workload (hours)	162	Contact hours	T 30 TP			E - OT - O -

Ângela Paula Barbosa da Silva Ferreira, Susana Sofia Alves Freitas Name(s) of lecturer(s)

Learning outcomes and competences

At the end of the course unit the learner is expected to be able to:

an odel the power system components under teady state conditions;
 use the "per unit" system for power systems analysis;
 formulate the load flow problem through Gauss-Seidel, Newton-Raphson and fast decoupled load flow methods;
 solve load flow problems using computational tools;
 use computational tools to simulate symmetrical and unsymmetrical faults;
 understand the technological context related to the actual trends of DC-based energy systems and microgrids.

Prerequisites

Before the course unit the learner is expected to be able to:

- analyse linear circuits in direct current and alternate current (single-phase and three-phase);
 understand numerical methods to solve nonlinear equations;
 understand the fundamentals of electrical machines;

4. use programming languages.

Course contents

Transmission and distribution systems. The "per unit" system. Power systems analysis: mathematical models, load flow formulation (Gauss-Seidel, Newton-Raphson, fast decoupled load flow methods and the linearized model). Symmetrical faults.

Course contents (extended version)

- Introduction to power systems

 Historical evolution of electrical energy
 Energy sources: classical generation and distributed generation
 DC and AC energy transmission systems
 Electrical energy grids and micro grids
 The Portuguese utility

2. Basic concepts

- Load diagrams Balanced three-phase power analysis
- Load characteristics
- 3. The per unit system Definitions Base quantities
- Change of base
 Fundamental laws of power systems in per unit system
 Transmission and distribution lines
 Series resistance and inductance

 - Capacitance and admittance - Equivalent circuit under steady state conditions - Thermal limit - Power transmission capability
- 5. Load flow analysis Mathematical model

 - Bus classification
 Solving load flow problems
 The Gauss-Seidel method
 The Newton-Raphson method
 - The fast decoupled load flow method The linearized model
- Symmetrical faults
 Models of network components under fault conditions
 - Fault calculations

Recommended reading

- J. Paiva, Redes de Energia Eléctrica, uma Análise Sistémica, IST Press, 4th edition, 2015
 J. Grainger, W. Stevenson, G. Chang, Power System Analysis, McGraw-Hill Education, 2nd edition, 2015
 A. C. Zambroni de Souza, M. Castilla, Microgrids Design and Implementation, Springer, 2018
 J. Arrillaga, N. R. Watson, Computer Modelling of Electrical Power Systems, John Wiley&Sons, 2nd edition, 2001
 L. Powell, Power System Load Flow Analysis, McGraw-Hill, 2005

Teaching and learning methods

Theoretical classes: presentation of the course contents. Practical and laboratory classes: presentation of practical examples to support the expected learning outcomes; problem solving and critical analysis of the results. Non-presential hours: specific proposals on problem solving and accomplishment of evaluation work.

Assessment methods

1. Distributed assessment - (Regular, Student Worker) (Final, Supplementary)

Assessment methods

- Practical Work 30%
 Final Written Exam 70%
 Clobal assessment (Regular, Student Worker) (Final, Supplementary, Special)
 Final Written Exam 100%

Language of instruction

Portuguese, with additional English support for foreign students.

Electronic validation				
Ângela Paula Barbosa da Silva Ferreira	José Luís Sousa de Magalhaes Lima	Orlando Manuel de Castro Ferreira Soares	Paulo Alexandre Vara Alves	
08-10-2022	16-10-2022	21-10-2022	03-11-2022	