

Course Unit	Macroeconomics			Field of study	Economics			
Bachelor in	International Business Management			School	School of Technology and Management			
Academic Year	2021/2022	Year of study	1	Level	1-1	ECTS credits	6.0	
Туре	Semestral	Semester	2	Code	8487-711-1205-00-21			
Workload (hours)	162	Contact hours	T - TP	50 PL - T	c - s -	E - OT	10 0 -	
T - Lectures; TP - Lectures and problem-solving; PL - Problem-solving, project or laboratory; TC - Fieldwork; S - Seminar; E - Placement; OT - Tutorial; O - Other								

Name(s) of lecturer(s) Alcina Maria Almeida Rodrigues Nunes

## Learning outcomes and competences

- At the end of the course unit the learner is expected to be able to:

  1. Understand the national account's objectives and interpret the different macroeconomic variables;

  2. Describe the macroeconomy using aggregate demand and aggregate supply analysis;

  3. Analyse the behaviour of the different variables that define the real market, the monetary market and the global market;

  4. Interpret economic phenomena: inflation, unemployment, economic cycles, wage policies and management of natural resources;

  5. Understand the causes and effects of inflation and unemployment in the economy, in general, and in the company decisions, in particular;

  6. Understand the different types of economic policies available for the authorities in order to achieve equilibrium in the different markets;
- 7. Select, analyse and understand economic information, related to the analysed subjects collected from numerous available sources.

### Prerequisites

Before the course unit the learner is expected to be able to: Apply basic quantitative methods.

### Course contents

National accounts: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) calculation. The price level and inflation. Business cycles, unemployment, and economic growth. Aggregate demand and aggregate supply. Aggregate expenditures and macroeconomic equilibrium. The function of money. The global market: unemployment, inflation and stabilization. The economics of foreign exchange and the balance of payments.

### Course contents (extended version)

- 1. National accounts
  - The value of the product (GDP) from three different approaches: income, production and expenditure. Definition of the macroeconomics basic variables. Product: domestic and national, at factor cost and market price, at current and constant prices.
- The price level and inflation
   Consumer index

  - Consumer modex
     The GDP deflator
     Measuring inflation
     Real and nominal product
     Real and nominal wages
     Hyperinflation and deflation
- Hyperinflation and deflation
  3. Business cycles, unemployment, and economic growth
   The business cycle
   Unemployment and forms of unemployment
   The national rate of unemployment and effective and potential real GDP
   Sources of growth and development
  4. Aggregate demand and aggregate supply
   Aggregate demand
- Aggregate cernand
   Aggregate supply
   Exchange rates and macroeconomic equilibrium
   Aggregate expenditures and macroeconomic equilibrium
   The consumption function

  - Investment expenditure
     Aggregate expenditure
     Contractions or recessions
     The multiplier

- The function of money
   Definition of money and its functions
   Measuring the stock of money
   Money, demand, and interest rates

- The banking system
  The plobal market: unemployment, inflation and stabilization
  The Philips curve
  The theory of rational expectations and the tradeoff between inflation and unemployment
- Stabilization policies: monetary and fiscal policies 8. The economics of foreign exchange and the balance of payments

  - International trade transactions
     Foreign exchange market
     Nominal and real exchange rates

### Recommended reading

- Blanchard, O. (2016). Macroeconomics (7th ed.). Pearson.
   Burda, M., & Wyplosz, C. (2017). Macroeconomics A European text (7th ed.). Oxford University Press.
   Krugman, P., & Wells, R. (2021). Macroeconomics (6th ed.). Worth Publishers.
   Mankiw, N. G. (2018). Macroeconomics (10th ed.). Worth Publishers.
   Samuelson, P., & Nordhaus, W. (2009). Economics (19th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.

# Teaching and learning methods

Expositive methods complemented by active learning techniques, which intend to appeal to the student's participation in the process, through case studies and exercise solving techniques. Individual and group work as a way to promote moments of discussion and reflection. Promotion of individual tutorial sessions.

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# Assessment methods

- Alternative 1 (Regular, Student Worker) (Final)
   Intermediate Written Test 50%
   Intermediate Written Test 50%
   Alternative 2 (Regular, Student Worker) (Final, Supplementary, Special)
   Final Written Exam 100%

# Language of instruction

English

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19-02-2022	02-03-2022	06-03-2022	25-03-2022	