

Course Unit	Auditory Training 2			Field of study	Music		
Bachelor in	Music in Community Contexts			School	School of Education		
Academic Year	2022/2023	Year of study	2	Level	1-2	ECTS credits 8.0	
Туре	Annual	Semester	-	Code	9175-659-2003-00-22		
Workload (hours)	216	Contact hours	T - TP	70 PL - T	c - s -	E - OT 20 O	-
T - Lectures; TP - Lectures and problem-solving; PL - Problem-solving, project or laboratory; TC - Fieldwork; S - Seminar; E - Placement; OT - Tutorial; O - Other							

Name(s) of lecturer(s) Mario Anibal Goncalves Rego Cardoso

Learning outcomes and competences

- At the end of the course unit the learner is expected to be able to:

 1. To develop the musical hearing in the melodic, rhythmic, harmonic and timbre parameters;

 2. To develop inner audition and sound anticipation;

- To develop inner audition and sound anticipation;
 To develop the musical auditory memory and its practical and theoretical representation;
 Encourage the auditory analysis in the different musical parameters;
 To develop the identification and application of music forms;
 To relate skills in the field of musical theory and reading (graphic and notation) with practices of listening and oral/instrument performance;
 Develop models of melodic and rhythmic improvisation in tonal and modal music;
 To extend knowledge of musical repertoire, in the genres of tonal and modal music

Prerequisites

Not applicable

Course contents

1. Rhythm in simple and compound pulse (Listening playing and writing). 2. Melody (listening, singing, recognition and writing). 3. Harmony (identification, writing, listening and intonation). 4. Timbre (identification and recognition). 5. Form (identification, aural recognition and improvisation). 6. Musical Styles.

Course contents (extended version)

- 1. Rhythm in simple and compound pulse (Listening playing and writing)

 All kinds of conjugations of rhythmic figures from hole to fuse, including the use of pauses;

 Time units from half to semiquaver; Regular tupplets of 3, 5 and 7, in time and part

 Sincopation of one and two pulses, in part and measure; Dotted figures in pulse and part

 Rhythmic patterns of 2, 3, 4 and 6 pulses

 Compound time units: all kinds of conjugations in measure, pulse, division and subdivision

 2. Melody (listening, singing, recognition and writing)

 Simple intervals: melodic patterns: scales, arpeggio, melodic sequences (3³, 4³, 5² e 6³)

 Scales: Major, minor and blues; Modes Dóric, Phrygian, mixolydian, pentatonic and tone scale.

 Transposition of melodic phrases with and without rhythm, tonal and modal.

 3. Harmony (identification, writing, listening and intonation)

 Major and minor triads, with inversion, augmented 5th and diminished 5th

 Seventh chords: dominant, diminished, half diminished, major and minor;

 Tonal progressions: I IV V(7) vi ii

 Modal progressions: i vii VII III IV v

 Cadences: perfect, imperfect, half, plagal and interrupted

 Modulation to neighbor tonalities or modes

 4. Timbre: identification and recognition

 Most common instruments different music styles.

 Instruments of different cultures

- Most common instruments different music styles.
 Instruments of different cultures
 Most common Instrumental groups in different musical styles
 Transposition between different instruments
 5. Form: identification, aural recognition and improvisation
 Phrasic structure: motive, demi-phrase, sentence, period
 Forms: AA', AB, ABA', Rondo
 Simple quarter form and enlargement
 Suspension relaxation progression enlargement.
 6. Musical Styles: from medieval to modal and tonal XXth century, from pop to folk

Recommended reading

- Burkholder, J. & Palisca, C. (2014). Norton Anthology of Western Music. Vol 1, 2 e 3. New York: Norton & Norton.
 Taylor, E. (2012). Music Theory in Practice, vol 4 e 5. London: ABRSM.
 Davis, M. (2000). Miles Davis Kind of Blue. Wisconsin: Hal Leonard.
 Ferreira, A. (2016). Canta Portugal Texto e Partitura. V. N. Gaia: Meloteca.
 Giacometti, M. & Graça, F. (1981). Cancioneiro Popular Português. Lisboa: Círculo de Leitores

Teaching and learning methods

Part of the audition and musical practice for the necessary theorization of the presented concepts. Starting from an excerpt from a musical work, from a pop or folk theme, students are led to chant, percussion, perceive the context. Then they check out the components of the musical theory used in creating the excerpt, using them to create situations of individual and collective improvisation.

Assessment methods

- Continuous assessment (Regular) (Final)
 Presentations 20% (Class exercises performative and written)
 Intermediate Written Test 30% (Written test)
 Intermediate Oral Test 25% (Oral test)
 Projects 25% (Group performance)
 Examination Assessment (Regular, Student Worker) (Supplementary, Special)

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Assessment methods

- Final Written Exam 100% (Composed by written part (40%) and oral part (60%))
 3. Continuous Assessment student-worker (Student Worker) (Final)
 Intermediate Written Test 40%
 Intermediate Oral Test 30%
 Projects 30% (Group performance)

Language of instruction

Portuguese
 Portuguese, with additional English support for foreign students.

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05-01-2023	18-01-2023	19-01-2023	20-01-2023	