

Course Unit	Geology			Field of study				
Bachelor in	chelor in Environmental Education			School	School of Education			
Academic Year	2023/2024	Year of study	1	Level	1-1	ECTS credits	10.0	
Туре	Annual	Semester		Code	9082-768-1004-00-23			
Workload (hours) Contact hours T - TP 54 PL 27 TC 18 S - E - OT 18 O - T - Lectures; TP - Lectures and problem-solving; PL - Problem-solving, project or laboratory; TC - Fieldwork; S - Seminar; E - Placement; OT - Tutorial; O - Other								
Name(s) of lecturer(s) Paulo Miguel Mafra Gonçalves, Raphael de Vicq Ferreira da Costa								

Learning outcomes and competences

- At the end of the course unit the learner is expected to be able to:

 1. The student should be able to: Know objects and methods of geological sciences. Understanding the dynamic nature of Earth. Understanding the genesis of different kinds of rocks.

- 2. Identify the Earth as an integrated in the solar system and constantly changing planet;
 3. Understanding the geological diversity of our planet;
 4. Recognize the contamination of waterways, the air and soil pollution, etc. as forms of aggression to the environment.
 5. Integrate the knowledge of complex issues in order to judge and propose solutions within the framework of geology.

Prerequisites

Before the course unit the learner is expected to be able to: Do not have

Course contents

Start with the content of this program placing our planet in the solar system, and this, across the vastness of the universe. Then we want to see how it is formed and structural lithological the planet Earth, both domestically and externally. The theory of global tectonics is deeply debated since all issues previously raised are reflected here. Finally, the evolutionary study of the planet, from its birth until today, is mentioned in geological time.

Course contents (extended version)

- 1. Architecture of the Universe
 - The Earth in the Solar System
 Earth-Moon System
- 2. Movements and deformations of the crust
 - Strength and deformation mechanisms, types of deformation
 - Continuous deformations FOLDS Elements of a fold

 - Classification of folds
 - Deformations staple Fracture

 - Diaclase
 Fault: Elements of a failure; Classification of failures
- Internal Structure
 Earthquakes and Volcanoes as indicators of the internal structure of the Earth Earthquakes and Volcanoes as indicators of the internal structure
 Types and characteristics of seismic waves, seismograms;
 Volcanism and main types of volcanoes
 Layers constituents (distribution and relative percentages)
 Cycle petrogenetic
 The recycling of constituent materials of the lithosphere
 Main rock types
 Definition of mineral rock concept
 Genesis of the igneous rocks - Main types of magnetic rocks;
 Genesis of metamorphic rocks - Main types of sedimentary rocks,
 Genesis of sedimentary rocks - Main types of sedimentary rocks,
 Classification of minerals and rocks by gross examination
- Classification of minerals and rocks by gross examination
 Plate Tectonics
- - Plate Tectonics
 Data support; fragmentation of Pangea
 seafloor (role of dorsal)
 resorption funds Oceanic Beniof zones or subduction
 Role of transform faults

 - Model of Plate Tectonics Map of lithosphere
- Relative movement of the plates in the areas of: ridges or areas of expansion;
 The Geological Time
 Dated on; Basics
 Correlation of rock layers
- - Absolute dating by radioactivity
 Geologic time scale

Recommended reading

- Thompson, R. & Turk, J. (2005). Earth Science and the Environement. Brooks/Cole
- 2. Freitas, M. (2005). Geologia e ambiente: recursos geológicos. Universidade Aberta.
 3. Caroça, C. (2017). Para que serve a Geologia. Chiado Books.
 4. Popp, J. H. (2017). Geologia Geral. (7ª ed.). Editora LTC.
 5. Grotzinger, J. et al. (2013). Para entender a Terra. (6. ª ed.). Bookman.

Teaching and learning methods

This discipline programmatic content of the presentation will be made whenever possible, using the audio-visual media. In practical classes students develop various activities to be undertaken in the laboratory. The lessons of field used for observation of certain content that were addressed in the classroom. At the end of each work shall be to discuss inter.

This document is valid only if stamped in all pages.

Assessment methods

- 1. Continuous evaluation (Regular, Student Worker) (Final)
 Intermediate Written Test 30% (Written test. Semester 1)
 Intermediate Written Test 30% (Written test. Semester 2)
 Development Topics 40% (Research, Development Report, Presentation and discussion of group work.)

 2. Assessment Examination (Regular, Student Worker) (Supplementary, Special)
 Final Written Exam 60% (Implementation of a written test)
 Development Topics 40% (Presentation and discussion of a work group.)

Language of instruction

Portuguese

Electronic validation

Licotroffic validation				
Paulo Miguel Mafra Gonçalves, Raphael de Vicq Ferreira da Costa	Paulo Miguel Mafra Gonçalves	Adorinda Maria Rodrigues Pereira S. Gonçalves	Carlos Manuel Costa Teixeira	
14-02-2024	14-02-2024	17-02-2024	18-02-2024	