

Course Unit	Applied Sensory Analysis			Field of study	Food Industries		
Bachelor in	Oenology			School	School of Agriculture		
Academic Year	2022/2023	Year of study	3	Level	1-3	ECTS credits	6.0
Туре	Semestral	Semester	2	Code	9998-705-3101-00-22		
Workload (hours)	162	Contact hours	30 11		C - S -	E - OT	4 O -
			1 - Lectures, 11 - Lectures 2	ind problem-solving, FE - Froblem	solving, project of laboratory, 10	- Fledowork, 3 - Seriillar, E - Flace	ment, or - rutonal, o - other

Name(s) of lecturer(s) Ana Claudia Ferreira Alves

Learning outcomes and competences

At the end of the course unit the learner is expected to be able to:

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 Know and identify the different compounds of grapes and wine and the methodologies of sensory analysis.

 Know and identify the wine aromatic compounds, their origin, aromatic characteristics and regulation factors.

 Know and identify, through sensorial analysis, the main wine faults, the origin and how to prevent and remove. Identify and characterize, through sensory analysis, wines from different winegrowing regions.

 Perform statistical analysis of data from sensory analysis tasting sheets.

 Characterize, through sensory analysis, sparkling wines, fortified wines and wine spirits

Prerequisites

Before the course unit the learner is expected to be able to: Know the basics of sensory analysis

Course contents

Sensory Analysis of Grapes: justification and objectives. Sensory Analysis of Wine: Methodology. Aromatic constituents of wine: origin, aromatic characteristics and regulation factors. Wine Sensory Faults: origin, prevention, treatment and sensory identification. Characterization of different Portuguese wine regions: Climate, soil, grape varieties, typology of wines; Sensory analysis of wines from different regions. Characterization of sparkling and liqueur wines and wine spirits.

Course contents (extended version)

- 1. Grape Sensory Analysis Justification and Objectives
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 Aromatic compounds of grapes

 Evaluation of grape berry development, balance in acids, aromatic potential, polyphenols

 Oenological quality of the grapes and their level of ripeness

 Differentiation between technological and phenolic maturation

 Standard methodology of Grapes Sensory Analysis

 2. Wine Sensory Analysis Methodology

 Discriminative tasting

 Descriptive tasting

 Descriptive tasting

- Descriptive tasting
 Hedonic tasting

- Tasting sheets
 Sensory analysis report
 Data analysis and statistics applied to sensory analysis
- 3. Wine Aromatic compounds Origin, aromatic characteristics and regulation factors
 - Alcohols - Acids
 - Esters

 - Terpenes and oxygenated derivatives Volatile phenols Carbonyl compounds
- Sulfur compounds
 Sensorial identification of different aromatic compounds
 Sensory analysis of different wines and identification of different compounds
 Sensorial Defects Origin, prevention, treatment and sensorial identification
 Defects from the grapes: herbaceous aromas related to maturation; microbiological contamination

 - Defects from the grapes, herbaceous aromas related to maturation, microbiological contamination.
 Pre-fermentative or fermentative origin: sulfur compounds and related to microbiological activity.
 Originating during storage: brettanomyces; influence of the container; oxidation; light-struck taste.
 Originating during aging: ATA; TDN; degradation of sorbic acid; mold and mildew taste; paper taste.
 Sensory analysis of different wines with defects and the identification of related off-odours.

- Sensory analysis of different wines with defects and the identification of 5. Characterization of different Portuguese wine regions
 Climate, soil, grape varieties, types of wine
 Sensorial analysis of wines from different regions
 Characterization of sparkling and liqueur wines and wine spirits
 Different styles and winemaking technologies, main producing regions
 Sensory analysis of different types of wines and wine spirits

Recommended reading

- Clarke, R. J.; Bakker, J. 2004. Wine Flavour Chemistry. Blackwell Publishing. Oxford, UK.
 Grainger, K. 2021. Wine Faults and Flaws: A Practical Guide. John Wiley & Sons. London, UK.
 Grainger, K. 2009. Wine quality: tasting and selection. John Wiley & Sons. London, UK.
 Jackson, R. S. 2009. Wine tasting-A Professional Handbook. 2nd Edition. Academic Press. London, UK.
 Peynaud, E., Blouin, J. 2005. O gosto do vinho. Litexa Editora, Lisboa, Portugal.

Teaching and learning methods

Lectures (Theoretical and Laboratory Practices in the tasting room). Tasting of wines with faults and identification of the chemical compounds involved. Tasting of wines from different wine-growing regions, analysis and discussion of the results of sensory analysis. Tasting and characterization of sparkling and liqueur wines and wine spirits

Assessment methods

1. Alternative 1 - (Regular, Student Worker) (Final)
- Intermediate Written Test - 50% (Theoretical 70%
- Practical 30%
(Sensory characterization of aromatic compounds and wines))
- Final Written Exam - 50% (Theoretical 70%
- Practical 30%
(Sensory characterization of aromatic compounds and wines))

2. Alternative 2 - (Regular, Student Worker) (Supplementary, Special)
- Final Written Exam - 100% (Theoretical 70%
- Practical 30%
(Sensory characterization of aromatic compounds and wines))

Language of instruction

Portuguese

Electronic validation

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05-01-2023	11-01-2023	11-01-2023	12-01-2023	